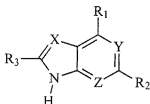


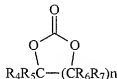
In the Claims

1 (currently amended). A method of preparing a compound according to Structure 3 comprising:

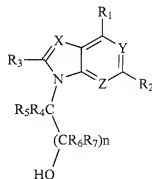
reacting a heterocyclic base according to Structure 1 with a compound according to Structure 2 in dimethylacetamide to form a product according to Structure 3;



Structure 1



Structure 2



Structure 3;

wherein X, Y and Z are ~~independently N or CR, with R being H, halogen, OH, NH2, or substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, or alkaryl;~~

wherein R₁ is NH₂;

wherein R₂ is H;

wherein R₃ is H;

wherein R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, and R₇ are independently H, halogen, OH, NH₂, CO(NH₂), CNH(NH₂), N₃, or substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, or alkaryl;

wherein n is an integer between 1 and 3; and

isolating Structure 3 from the dimethylacetamide solvent using isopropanol or tert-butylmethylether.

2 (canceled).

3 (original). The method of claim 1 wherein R_4 , R_5 , R_6 , and R_7 are H, and wherein n is 1.

4 (original). The method of claim 1 wherein Structure 3 is isolated from the dimethylacetamide solvent using isopropanol.

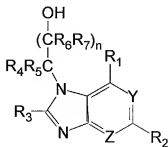
5 (original). The method of claim 1 wherein the step of reacting includes heating of the heterocyclic base according to Structure 1 and the compound according to Structure 2 to a temperature of no less than 150 centigrade.

6 (original). The method of claim 1 wherein the step of reacting includes heating of the heterocyclic base according to Structure 1 and the compound according to Structure 2 to a temperature of no less than 160 centigrade.

7 (original). The method of claim 1 wherein the step of reacting is performed in the presence of a basic catalyst.

8 (original). The method of claim 7 wherein the basic catalyst is NaOH.

9 (original). The method of claim 1 wherein X is N, and wherein the step of reacting the heterocyclic base according to Structure 1 with the compound according to Structure 2 further leads to an N7-alkylated byproduct according to Structure 4



Structure 4.

10 (original). The method of claim 9 wherein the step of reacting the heterocyclic base with the compound gives a total yield of the product and the N7-alkylated byproduct of at least 82%, and wherein about 98% of the total yield is the product and wherein about 1% of the total yield is the N7-alkylated byproduct.

11 (original). The method of claim 9 wherein the step of reacting the heterocyclic base with the compound gives a total yield of the product and the N7-alkylated byproduct of at least 87%, and wherein about 97% of the total yield is the product and wherein about 1.1% of the total yield is the N7-alkylated byproduct.

12 (original). The method of claim 9 wherein the step of reacting the heterocyclic base with the compound gives a total yield of the product and the N7-alkylated byproduct of at least 91%, and wherein about 97% of the total yield is the product and wherein about 1.3% of the total yield is the N7-alkylated byproduct.

13 (original). The method of claim 1 wherein the heterocyclic base is present in the dimethylacetamide at a concentration of up to 220mM.

14 (original). The method of claim 1 wherein the heterocyclic base is present in the dimethylacetamide at a concentration of up to 270mM.

15 (canceled).

16 (currently amended). The method of claim 1 further comprising reacting the product according to Structure 3 with a phosphonate claim-15 wherein the phosphonate has a structure according to Structure 5



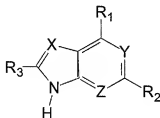
Structure 5

wherein L is a leaving group, and wherein W is a protecting group of the oxygen.

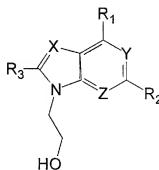
17 (original). The method of claim 16 wherein L is a tosyl group and wherein W is ethyl group.

18 (withdrawn). A method of preparing a compound according to Structure 3 comprising:

reacting a heterocyclic base according to Structure 1 in dimethylacetamide with ethylene oxide to form a product according to Structure 3;



Structure 1



Structure 3

wherein X, Y and Z are independently N or CR, with R being H, halogen, OH, NH₂, or substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, or alkaryl; and

wherein R₁, R₂, and R₃ are independently H, halogen, OH, NH₂, CO(NH₂), CNH(NH₂), N₃, or substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, or alkaryl; and

reacting the product according to Structure 3 with a phosphonate to obtain an antiviral nucleoside analog.

19 (currently amended). ~~The method of claim 17 wherein of claim 1 wherein Structure 3 is isolated from the dimethylacetamide solvent using tert-butylmethylether the solvent is dimethylacetamide.~~